Authorised Distributors:-

ASH & ALAIN INDIA PVT LTD

S-100, F.I.E.E., Okhla Industrial Area, Phase-ii, New Delhi-110020(India)
Tel : 011-43797575 Fax : 011-43797574 E-mail : sales@ashalain.com

OMRON

Rotary Encoder (Incremental/Absolute)

E6C3

An Encoder That Offers Durability and Convenience

- IP65f drip-proof, oil-proof construction achieved with seal bearing.
- 8-mm-dia stainless steel shaft withstands a shaft loading of 80 N and 50 N respectively in the radial and thrust directions.
- Absolute Rotary Encoders have a metal slit plate to ensure high resistance to shock.
- Combining Absolute Rotary Encoders with a Programmable Controller or Cam Positioner allows ideal angle control.
- Bears CE markings (EMC Directives) and conforms to EN/IEC standards, making it suitable for the European market.

<READ AND UNDERSTAND THIS CATALOG>

Please read and understand this catalog before purchasing the products. Please consult your OMRON representative if you have any questions or comments.

Ordering Information

■ Incremental Rotary Encoders

Supply voltage	Output configuration	Resolution (P/R)	Connection method	Model
12 to 24 VDC	Complementary output	100, 200	Pre-wired (1 m) (See note 2.)	E6C3-CWZ5GH
		300, 360, 500		
		600, 720, 800		
		1,000, 1,024, 1,200		
		1,500, 1,800, 2,000		
		2,048, 2,500, 3,600		
5 to 12 VDC	Voltage output	100, 200		E6C3-CWZ3EH
		300, 360, 500		
		600, 720, 800		
		1,000, 1,024, 1,200		
		1,500, 1,800, 2,000		
		2,048, 2,500, 3,600		
5 to 12 VDC	Line driver output	100, 200		E6C3-CWZ3XH
		300, 360, 500		
		600, 720, 800		
		1,000, 1,024, 1,200		
		1,500, 1,800, 2,000		
		2,048, 2,500, 3,600		

Note 1. When ordering, specify the resolution in addition to the model numbers. (Example: E6C3-CWZ5GH 300P/R 1M)

2. Models with 2-m cables are also available as standard products. Specify the cable length at the end of the model number. (Examp le: E6C3-CWZ5GH 300P/R 2M)

■ Absolute Rotary Encoders

Supply voltage	Output configuration	Output code	Resolution (P/R)	Connection method	Model
12 to 24 VDC	NPN open collector output	Gray code	256, 360	Connector	E6C3-AG5C-C
			256, 360, 720, 1,024	Pre-wired (1 m) (See note 2.)	E6C3-AG5C
		Binary	32, 40		E6C3-AN5C
		BCD	6, 8, 12		E6C3-AB5C
	PNP open collector output	Gray code	256, 360, 720, 1,024		E6C3-AG5B
		Binary	32, 40		E6C3-AN5B
		BCD	6, 8, 12		E6C3-AB5B
5 VDC	Voltage output	Binary	256		E6C3-AN1E
12 VDC					E6C3-AN2E

Note 1. When ordering, specify the resolution in addition to the model numbers. (Example: E6C3-AG5C 360P/R 1M)

2. Models with 2-m cables are also available as standard products. Specify the cable length at the end of the model number. (Example: E6C3-AG5C 360P/R 2M)

3. When connecting to the H8PS, be sure to use the E6C3-AG5C-C 256P/R.

■ Accessories (Order Separately)

Item	Model	Remarks	
Coupling	E69-C08B	---	
	E69-C68B	Diameters of ends: 6 to 8 dia.	
Flange	E69-FCA03	---	
	E69-FCA04	E69-2 Servo Mounting Bracket provided.	
Servo Mounting Bracket	E69-2	Provided with the E69-FCA04 Flange.	
Extension Cable	E69-DF5	5 m	Applicable for the E6C3-AG5C-C. 15- and 98-m-long Extension Cables are also available.
	E69-DF10	10 m	
	E69-DF20	30 m	

Specifications

■ Ratings/Characteristics

Incremental Rotary Encoders

Item		E6C3-CWZ5GH	E6C3-CWZ3EH	E6C3-CWZ3XH
Power supply voltage		12 VDC −10% to 24 VDC +15%	5 VDC −5% to 12 VDC +10%	
Current consumption (See note 1.)		100 mA max.		
Resolution (pulse/rotation)		100, 200, 300, 360, 500, 600, 720, 800, 1,000, 1,024, 1,200, 1,500, 1,800, 2,000, 2,048, 2,500, 3,600		
Output phases		A, B, and Z		A, $\overline{A}$, B, $\overline{B}$, Z, $\overline{Z}$
Output configuration		Complementary output (See note 5.)	Voltage output (NPN output)	Line driver output (See note 2.)
Output capacity		Output voltage: VH: Vcc − 3 V min. (Io: 30 mA) VL: 2 V max. (Io: −30 mA) Output current: ±30 mA	Output resistance: 2 kΩ Output current: 35 mA max. Residual voltage: 0.7 V max.	AM26LS31 equivalent Output current: High level (Io): −10 mA Low level (Is): 10 mA Output voltage: Vo: 2.5 V min. Vs: 0.5 V max.
Max. response frequency (See note 3.)		125 kHz (65 kHz for phase-Z reset)		
Phase difference on output		90°±45° between A and B (1/4T±1/8T)		
Rise and fall times of output		1 µs max. (cable length: 2 m, output current: 30 mA)	1 µs max. (cable length: 2 m, output current: 35 mA)	1 µs max. (cable length: 2 m; Io: −10 mA; Is: 10 mA)
Starting torque		10 mN·m max. at room temperature; 30 mN·m max. at low temperature		
Moment of inertia		2.0×10^{-6} kg·m²; 1.9×10^{-6} kg·m² at 500 P/R max.		
Shaft loading	Radial	80 N		
	Thrust	50 N		
Max. permissible revolution		5,000 rpm		
Protection circuits		Reversed power supply connection protection circuit, output load short-circuit protection circuit		---
Ambient temperature		Operating: −10°C to 70°C (with no icing) Storage: −25°C to 85°C (with no icing)		
Ambient humidity		35% to 85% (with no condensation)		
Insulation resistance		20 MΩ min. (at 500 VDC) between current-carrying parts and case		
Dielectric strength		500 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min between current-carrying parts and case		
Vibration resistance		Destruction: 10 to 500 Hz, 150 m/s² or 2-mm double amplitude for 11 min 3 times each in X, Y, and Z directions		
Shock resistance		Destruction: 1,000 m/s² 3 times each in X, Y, and Z directions		
Degree of protection		IEC60529 IP65 (JEM IP65f for drip-proof and oil-proof construction) (See note 4.)		
Connection method		Pre-wired (standard length: 1 m)		
Weight (packed state)		Approx. 300 g		
Others		Instruction manual		

**Note 1.** An inrush current of approx. 9 A flows for approx. 0.1 ms right after the E6C3 is turned on.

    2. The line driver output of the E6C3 is used for data transmission circuitry conforming to RS-422A and ensures long-distance transmission over twisted-pair cable, the quality of which is equivalent to AM26LS31.

    3. The maximum electrical response revolution is determined by the resolution and maximum response frequency as follows:
Maximum electrical response frequency (rpm) = Maximum response frequency/resolution × 60
This means that the E6C3 will not operate electrically if its revolution exceeds the maximum electrical response revolution.
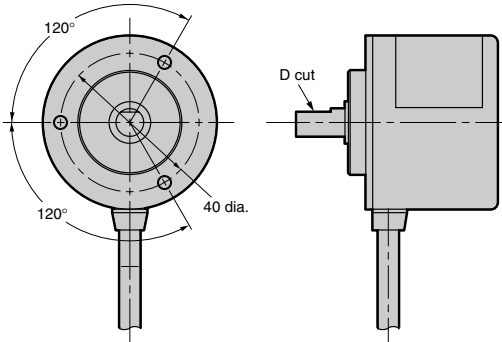
    4. JEM1030: applicable since 1991.

5. Complementary Output:
The complementary output has two output transistors (NPN and PNP) as shown below. These two output transistors alternately turn ON and OFF depending on the "H" or "L" output signal. When using them, pull up to the positive power or pull down to 0 V. The complementary output allows flow-in or flow-out of the output current and thus the rising and falling speeds of signals are fast. This allows a long cable distance. They can be connected to open-collector input devices (NPN, PNP).
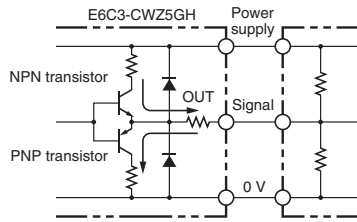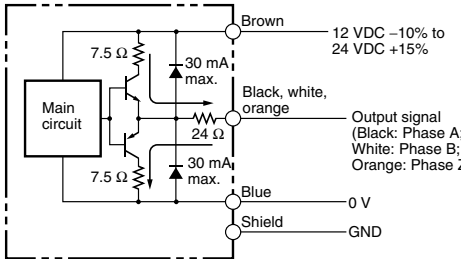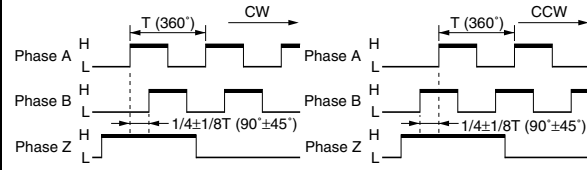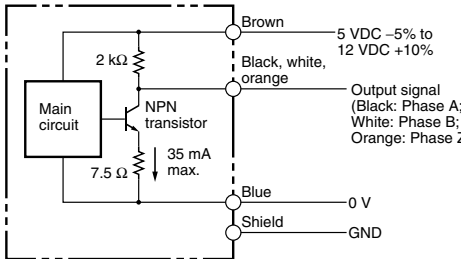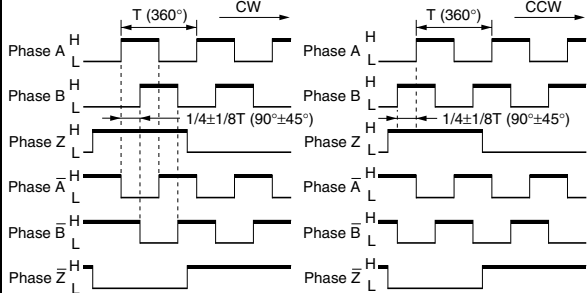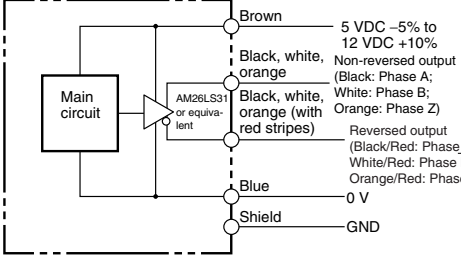

6. Phase-Z signals are output when the relationship between the shaft's D cut position and the cable's pullout direction is as shown in the following diagram. (Output position range: ±15°.)

4   **E6C3** Rotary Encoder (Incremental/Absolute)

Output Circuit Diagram

■ Incremental Rotary Encoders

Model/output circuit	Output modes	Connection
E6C3-CWZ5GH Brown — 12 VDC −10% to 24 VDC +15% 7.5 Ω, 30 mA max. Main circuit — Black, white, orange — Output signal (Black: Phase A; White: Phase B; Orange: Phase Z) 24 Ω 7.5 Ω, 30 mA max. Blue — 0 V Shield — GND	**Voltage Output: E6C3-CWZ3EH** **Complementary Output: E6C3-CWZ5GH** Rotating direction: Clockwise (CW) (As viewed from the face of the shaft) / Rotating direction: Counterclockwise (CCW) (As viewed from the face of the shaft) Phase A, Phase B, Phase Z — T (360°) — CW / CCW — 1/4±1/8T (90°±45°) **Note:** Phase A is 1/4±1/8T faster than phase B. / **Note:** Phase A is 1/4±1/8T slower than phase B.	
E6C3-CWZ3EH Brown — 5 VDC −5% to 12 VDC +10% 2 kΩ Main circuit — NPN transistor — Black, white, orange — Output signal (Black: Phase A; White: Phase B; Orange: Phase Z) 7.5 Ω, 35 mA max. Blue — 0 V Shield — GND		

Color	Terminal
Brown	Power supply (+VCC)
Black	Output phase A
White	Output phase B
Orange	Output phase Z
Blue	0 V (common)

Model/output circuit	Output modes	Connection
E6C3-CWZ3XH Brown — 5 VDC −5% to 12 VDC +10% Main circuit — AM26LS31 or equivalent — Black, white, orange — Non-reversed output (Black: Phase A; White: Phase B; Orange: Phase Z) Black, white, orange (with red stripes) — Reversed output (Black/Red: Phase $\overline{A}$; White/Red: Phase $\overline{B}$; Orange/Red: Phase $\overline{Z}$) Blue — 0 V Shield — GND	**Line Driver Output: E6C3-CWZ3XH** Rotating direction: Clockwise (CW) (As viewed from the face of the shaft) / Rotating direction: Counterclockwise (CCW) (As viewed from the face of the shaft) Phase A, Phase B, Phase Z, Phase $\overline{A}$, Phase $\overline{B}$, Phase $\overline{Z}$ — T (360°) — CW / CCW — 1/4±1/8T (90°±45°)	

Color	Terminal
Brown	Power supply (+VCC)
Black	Output phase A
White	Output phase B
Orange	Output phase Z
Black/Red stripes	Output phase $\overline{A}$
White/Red stripes	Output phase $\overline{B}$
Orange/Red stripes	Output phase $\overline{Z}$
Blue	0 V (common)

Note: Receiver: AM26LS32 equivalent

Note 1. The shield is not connected to the internal circuits or casing of the E6C3.

2. There is no difference in circuit among phases A, B, and Z.

3. Connect the GND terminal to 0 V or the ground when the E6C3 is in normal operation.

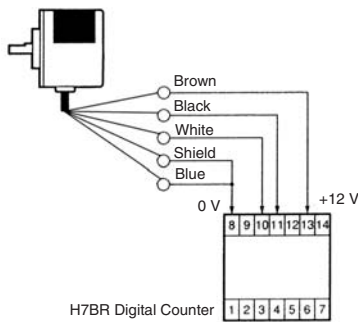# Connection Examples

■ Incremental Rotary Encoders

H7ER Digital Tachometer

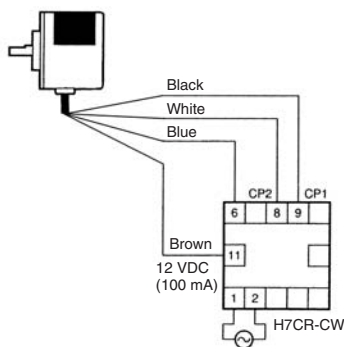**Applicable Model: E6C3-CWZ3EH (with a resolution of 10, 60, or 600 P/R)**
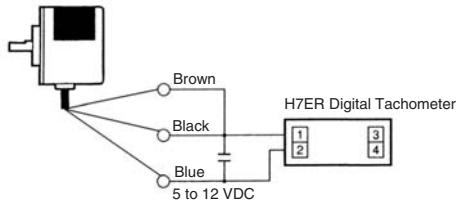
H7BR Digital Counter

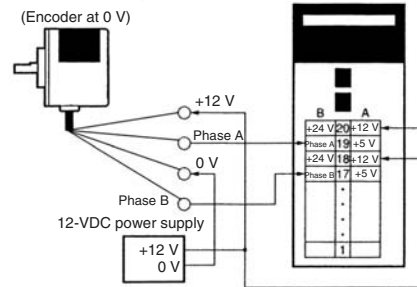**Applicable Model: E6C3-CWZ3EH**

H7CR-CW Digital Counter

Applicable Model: E6C3-CWZ5GH

C200H-CT☐☐ High-speed Counter Unit

Applicable Model: E6C3-CWZ5GH
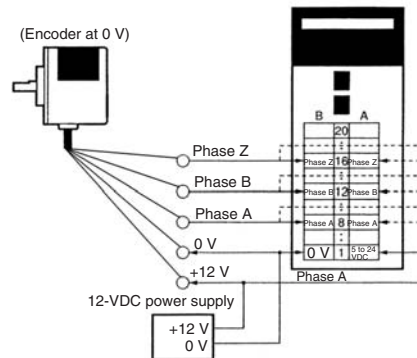**Typical Model: C200H-CT001-V1**

Note: Apply the following connections if the E6C3's 3 power supplies are 5 or 24 V.
Phase A and Power Supply: 5 V to A19 and 24 V to B20
Phase B and Power Supply: 5 V to A17 and 24 V to B18

Applicable Model: E6C3-CWZ5GH
Typical Model: C200H-CT021

Note: Apply the following connections if the power supply to the E6C3 is 12 or 24 V.
Phase A and Power Supply: 12 V to A8/B8 and 24 V to A9/B9
Phase B and Power Supply: 12 V to A12/B12 and 24 V to A13/B13
Phase Z and Power Supply: 12 V to A16/B16 and 24 V to A17/B17

CQM1-CPU43-EV1 (as Built-in High-speed Counter)

- The pulse output of the E6C3 can be directly input into IN04, IN05, and IN06 of the CPU Unit to use these three points as a built-in high-speed counter.
- The single-phase response speed is 5 kHz and the two-phase response speed is 2.5 kHz. The count value is within a range between 0 and 65,535 in increment mode and −32,767 and 32,767 in decrement mode.
- The operating mode of the high-speed counter is set with the PC Setup in the DM area.
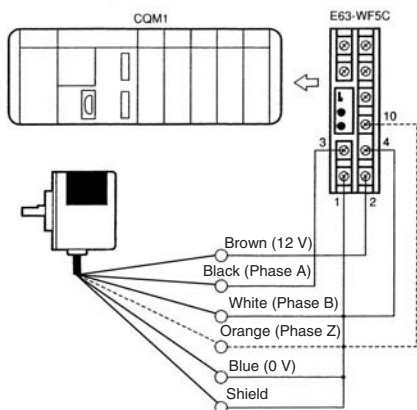
Count Mode

| Up/Down mode	Increment/Decrement counter uses phases A and B.
Incrementing mode	Increment counter uses phase A only.
Normal mode	IN04 through IN05 are used for normal input.

Applicable Model: E6C3-CWZ5GH
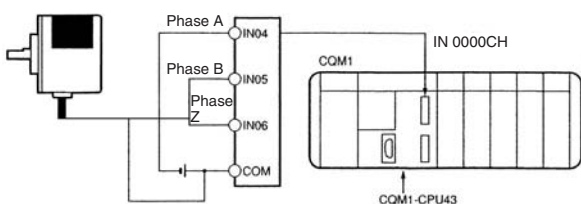
CQM1 Programmable Controller

Applicable Model: E6C3-CWZ5GH

C500-CT001/CT012 High-speed Counter Unit

CW and CCW detection (increment/decrement counting)
Applicable Model: E6C3-CWZ5GH
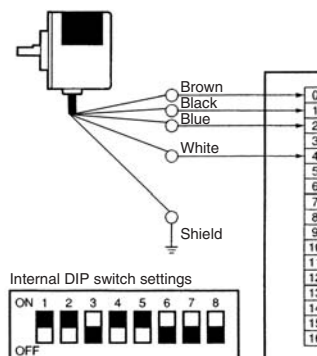
Reset

The present count value can be reset with the soft-reset function or the AND of soft reset and phase Z input.

Output

Target value	When the count value reaches the target value, the specified subroutine is executed. A maximum of 16 target values can be set.
Range comparison	When the count value is within the range, the specified subroutine is executed. A maximum of 8 ranges can be set with upper and lower limits.

Specifications

## ■ Ratings/Characteristics

Absolute Rotary Encoders

Item		E6C3-AG5C-C	E6C3-AG5C	E6C3-AN5C	E6C3-AB5C	E6C3-AG5B	E6C3-AN5B	E6C3-AB5B	E6C3-AN1E	E6C3-AN2E
Power supply voltage		12 VDC−10% to 24 VDC+15%, ripple (p-p) 5% max.							5 VDC ±5%	12 VDC ±10%
Current consumption		70 mA max.								
Resolution (See note 1.) (pulses/rotation)		256, 360	256, 360, 720, 1,024	32, 40	6, 8, 12	256, 360, 720, 1,024	32, 40	6, 8, 12	256	
Output code		Gray code		Binary	BCD	Gray code	Binary	BCD	Binary	
Output configuration		NPN open collector output				PNP open collector output			Voltage output	
Output capacity		Applied voltage: 30 VDC max. Sink current: 35 mA max. Residual voltage: 0.4 V max. (at sink current of 35 mA)				Source current: 35 mA max. Residual voltage: 0.4 V max. (at Source current of 35 mA)			Output resistance: 2.4 kΩ Sink current: 35 mA max. Residual voltage: 0.4 V max. (at sink current of 35 mA)	Output resistance: 8.2 kΩ
Rise and fall times of output		1 μs max. (cable length: 2m; output current: 35 mA max.)							Rise: 3 μs max. Fall: 1 μs max.	Rise: 10 μs max. Fall: 1 μs max.
Max. response frequency (See note 2.)		20 kHz							10 kHz	
Logic		Negative logic output (H=0, L=1)				Positive logic output (H=1, L=0)				
Rotational direction (See note 3.)		Output code incremented by clockwise rotation (as viewed from the face of the shaft.)							Changed using the rotational direction designation input.	
Strobe signal		Not available	Available		Not available	Available			Not available	
Positioning signal		Not available			Available	Not available		Available	Not available	
Parity signal		Not available	Available (even number)	Not available		Available (even number)	Not available			
Starting torque		10 mN·m max. at room temperature 30 mN·m max. at low temperature								
Moment of inertia		2.3×10^{-6} kg·m^2								
Shaft loading	Radial	80 N								
	Thrust	50 N								
Max. permissible rotation		5,000 rpm								
Ambient temperature		Operating: −10°C to 70°C (with no icing) Storage: −25°C to 85°C (with no icing)								
Ambient humidity		35% to 85% (with no condensation)								
Insulation resistance		20 MΩ min. (at 500 VDC) between current-carrying parts and case								
Dielectric strength		500 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min between current-carrying parts and case								
Vibration resistance		Destruction: 10 to 500 Hz, 1.0-mm single amplitude or 150 m/s^2 for 11 min. 3 times each in X, Y, and Z directions.								
Shock resistance		Destruction: 1,000 m/s^2, 6 times each in X, Y, and Z directions								
Degree of protection		IEC60529 IP65 (JEM IP65f for drip-proof and oil-proof construction) (See note 4.)								
Connection method		Connector (standard length: 1 m)	Pre-wired (standard length: 1 m)							
Weight (packed state)		Approx. 300 g								
Others		Instruction manual								

Note 1. The codes are classified as shown in the following table.

Output code	Resolution	Code number
Binary	32	1 to 32
	40	1 to 40
	256	0 to 255
BCD	6	0 to 5
	8	0 to 7
	12	0 to 11
Gray code	256	0 to 255
	360	76 to 435 (Remainder of 76)
	720	152 to 871 (Remainder of 152)
	1,024	0 to 1,023

2. The maximum electrical response revolution is determined by the resolution and maximum response frequency as follows:

Maximum electrical response frequency (rpm) = Maximum response frequency/resolution $\times$ 60

This means that the E6C3 will not operate electrically if its revolution exceeds the maximum electrical response revolution.

3. With the E6C3-AN1E and E6C3-AN2E models, the output code can be increased in the clockwise direction by connecting the rotational direction designation input (wire color: pink) to H (Vcc), and the output code can be decreased in the clockwise direction by connecting the input to L (0 V).

E6C3-AN1E: H=1.5 to 5 V, L=0 to 0.8 V
E6C3-AN2E: H=2.2 to 12 V, L=0 to 1.2 V

With the E6C3-AN1E and E6C3-AN2E models, read the code at least 10 μs after the LSB (2^0) code has changed.

4. JEM1030: applicable since 1991.

5. The absolute code's smallest address is output when the relationship between the shaft's D cut position and the cable's pullout direction is as shown in the following diagram. (Output position range: ±15°.)
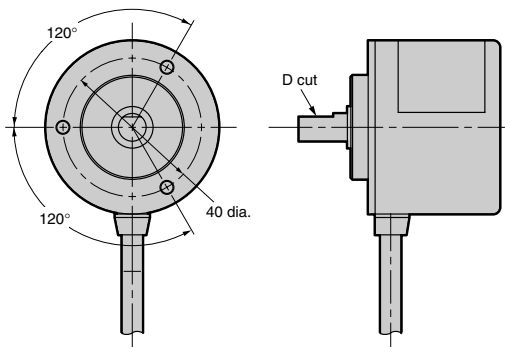
Output Circuit Diagrams

■ Absolute Rotary Encoders

Output Circuits	E6C3-AG5C/-AG5C-C	E6C3-AG5B	E6C3-AN5C	E6C3-AN5B
	Main circuit — 12 to 24 VDC, Output 35 mA max., 30 VDC, 0 V, Shield — GND **Note:** Each output bit uses the same circuit.	Main circuit — 12 to 24 VDC, Output 35 mA max., 0 V, Shield — GND **Note:** Each output bit uses the same circuit.	Main circuit — 12 to 24 VDC, Output 35 mA max., 30 VDC, 0 V, Shield — GND **Note:** Each output bit uses the same circuit.	Main circuit — 12 to 24 VDC, Output 35 mA max., 0 V, Shield — GND **Note:** Each output bit uses the same circuit.

Output Modes

Rotating direction: CW, as viewed from the face of the shaft.

2^0, 2^1, 2^2, 2^3, 2^4, 2^5, 2^6, 2^7, 2^8, 2^9 — ON/OFF

Address 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65

Rotating direction: CW, as viewed from the face of the shaft.
Resolution: 40

No. 1 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40

Strobe signal, 2^0, 2^1, 2^2, 2^3, 2^4, 2^5, Parity signal — ON/OFF

When resolution is 32
A=11.25°
B=6°
C=3°

Absolute angle: 360° 9° 18° 27°
C 2.25° 2.25°
Strobe signal — B 4.5° A 9°
Other bit signal — 0.5° min. 0.5° min.

Connections

■ Connector Specifications

Pin number	E6C3-AG5C-C	
	Output signal	
	8-bit (256)	**9-bit (360)**
1	Connected internally	NC
2		2^8
3	2^5	2^5
4	2^1	2^1
5	2^0	2^0
6	2^7	2^7
7	2^4	2^4
8	2^2	2^2
9	2^3	2^3
10	2^6	2^6
11	Shield (GND)	
12	12 to 24 VDC	
13	0 V (Common)	

Note: Connector type: RP13A-12PD-13SC (Hirose Electric)

■ Cable Specifications

Wire color	E6C3-AG5C/E6C3-AG5B		
	Output signal		
	8-bit (256)	**9-bit (360)**	**10-bit (720, 1,024)**
Brown	2^0	2^0	2^0
Orange	2^1	2^1	2^1
Yellow	2^2	2^2	2^2
Green	2^3	2^3	2^3
Blue	2^4	2^4	2^4
Purple	2^5	2^5	2^5
Gray	2^6	2^6	2^6
White	2^7	2^7	2^7
Pink	NC	2^8	2^8
Light blue	NC	NC	2^9
---	Shield (GND)		
Red	12 to 24 VDC		
Black	0 V (Common)		

Output Circuit Diagrams

■ Absolute Rotary Encoders

	E6C3-AB5C	E6C3-AB5B	E6C3-AN1E	E6C3-AN2E
Output Circuits	 **Note:** Each output bit uses the same circuit.	 **Note:** Each output bit uses the same circuit.	 **Note:** Each output bit uses the same circuit. **Rotational Direction Designation Input Circuit** **Note:** Output code increases in the clockwise direction when the input is connected to Vcc and decreases in the clockwise direction when the input is connected to 0 V.	 **Note:** Each output bit uses the same circuit.
Output Modes	Rotating direction: CW, as viewed from the face of the shaft. Resolution: 12 When resolution is 8 A=45° B=22.5° C=11.25° When resolution is 6 A=60° B=30° C=15° 		Rotating direction: CW, as viewed from the face of the shaft, when rotational direction designation input is at "H." CCW, as viewed from the face of the shaft, when rotational direction designation input is at "L." T=360°/256≈1.4°	

Connections

■ Cable Specifications

| Wire color | E6C3-AN5C/-AN5B | E6C3-AB5C/-AB5B | | E6C3-AN1E/-AN2E |
| | Output signal | Output signal | | Output signal |
	6-bit (32, 40)	3-bit (6, 8)	5-bit (12)	8-bit (256)
Brown	2^0	2^0	2^0	2^0
Orange	2^1	2^1	2^1	2^1
Yellow	2^2	2^2	2^2	2^2
Green	2^3	NC	2^3	2^3
Blue	2^4	NC	$2^0 \times 10$	2^4
Purple	2^5	NC	NC	2^5
Gray	Parity	Positioning	Positioning	2^6
White	Strobe	Strobe	Strobe	2^7
Pink	NC	NC	NC	Rotational direction designation input
Light blue	NC	NC	NC	NC
---	Shield (GND)			
Red	12 to 24 VDC			5, 12 VDC
Black	0 V (Common)			

Connection Examples

■ Connecting an Absolute Rotary Encoder to an H8PS Cam Positioner

H8PS-8A, -8AP, -8AF, -A8AF
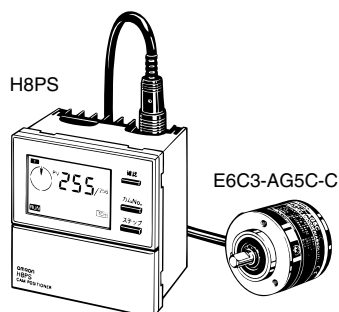
Specifications

Rated voltage	24 VDC
Cam resolution	1.4° (a resolution of 256 per rotation)
Outputs	8 cam outputs 1 RUN output 1 tachometer output
Encoder response	330 rpm
Functions	Origin compensation (zero shift) Rotating direction selection Angle display selection Teaching

■ Connecting E6C3-AG5C to Programmable Controller

System Configuration Using a Resolution of 1,024 per Rotation

A combination of the CQM1-CPU44-E and E6C3-AG5C ensures easy output angle setting for cam control in 360° or BCD mode.
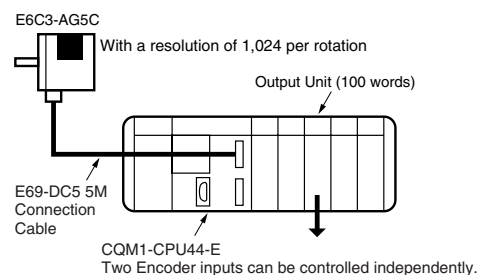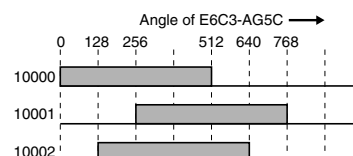

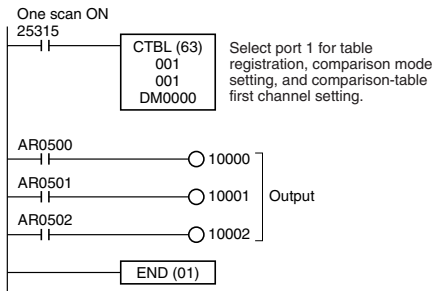### Mode Setting of CQM1-CPU44-E

Set port 1 to BCD mode and 10 bits

DM 6643 [0001]

Output Timing

Ladder Program Example

Use the CTBL instruction of the CQM1-CPU44-E to register a maximum of eight comparison tables for output angle setting.
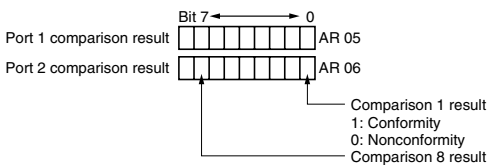
```
One scan ON
25315
 ┤├──────┌─────────────┐  Select port 1 for table
         │ CTBL (63)   │  registration, comparison mode
         │   001       │  setting, and comparison-table
         │   001       │  first channel setting.
         │   DM0000    │
         └─────────────┘
AR0500
 ┤├──────────────────( )── 10000
AR0501
 ┤├──────────────────( )── 10001   Output
AR0502
 ┤├──────────────────( )── 10002
         ┌─────────────┐
         │  END (01)   │
         └─────────────┘
```

Example of DM Setting for Comparison Table

```
DM 0000  │ 0000 │ Lower limit 1     ┐
   0001  │ 0512 │ Upper limit 1     ├ Bit AR 0500
   0002  │ 0000 │ Subroutine number 1 ┘
   0003  │ 0256 │ Lower limit 2     ┐
   0004  │ 0768 │ Upper limit 2     ├ Bit AR 0501
   0005  │ 0000 │ Subroutine number 2 ┘
   0006  │ 0128 │ Lower limit 3     ┐
   0007  │ 0640 │ Upper limit 3     ├ Bit AR 0502
   0008  │ 0000 │ Subroutine number 3 ┘
   0009  │ 0000 │ Lower limit 4     ┐
         │      │                   │ Not used.
   0022  │ 0000 │ Upper limit 8     │
   0023  │ 0000 │ Subroutine number 8 ┘
```

Note: An upper or lower limit can be set with integers in BCD mode and 5° increments in 360° mode. Subroutine numbers are set for interrupt processing.

Internal Bits of CQM1-CPU44-E

• Range Comparison Result
Each bit of the CQM1-CPU44-E CPU Unit's words AR 05 and AR 06 turns ON only when the comparison range coincides with the angle of E6C3-AG5C. If it does not coincide, the bit turns (remains) OFF.

```
                        Bit 7 ◄─────► 0
Port 1 comparison result □□□□□□□□  AR 05
Port 2 comparison result □□□□□□□□  AR 06
                         │      │
                         │      └ Comparison 1 result
                         │          1: Conformity
                         │          0: Nonconformity
                         └──────── Comparison 8 result
```

• Present Value Read
The gray code signals of the E6C3-AG5C are automatically converted into BCD or 360° code signals and read through the CQM1-CPU44-E CPU Unit's words AR 232 and AR 234. The present value can be used for ladder programs.

```
Port 1 angle    │ ✳ ✳ ✳ ✳ │ Word 232
Port 2 angle    │ ✳ ✳ ✳ ✳ │ Word 234
```

Note: For details on the CQM1-CPU44-E, refer to the *CQM1 Programming Manual* (W228).

■ Absolute Rotary Encoders

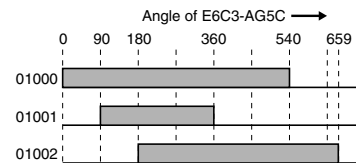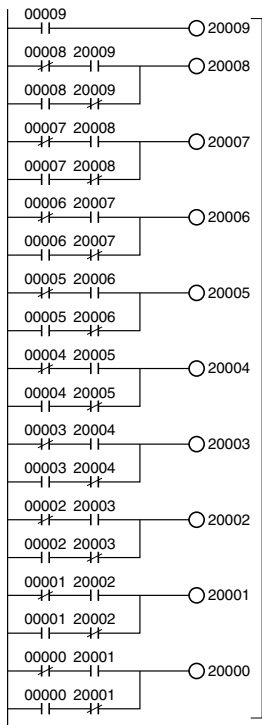### Connecting to CPM1A Using a Resolution of 720 per Rotation

```
┌──┐■  E6C3-AG5C
│  │
└──┘
   │
   ▼
┌──────┐  CPM1A-20CD□-□
│      │
└──────┘
   │
   ▼
```
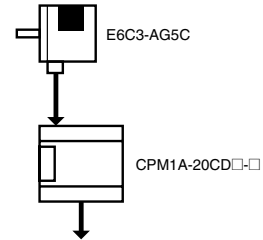
Wiring Between E6C3-AG5C and CPM1A

Output signal from E6C3-AG5C	Input signal to CPM1A
Brown (2^0)	00000
Orange (2^1)	00001
Yellow (2^2)	00002
Green (2^3)	00003
Blue (2^4)	00004
Purple (2^5)	00005
Gray (2^6)	00006
White (2^7)	00007
Pink (2^8)	00008
Light blue (2^9)	00009

Output Timing

```
                    Angle of E6C3-AG5C ──►
          0   90  180   360    540   659
01000  ▐████████████████████▌
01001       ▐████████▌
01002            ▐██████████████▌
```

E6C3 Rotary Encoder (Incremental/Absolute)   13

Ladder Program

```
00009
 ┤├ ───────────────○ 20009

00008  20009
 ┤├────┤/├ ────────○ 20008
00008  20009
 ┤/├───┤├

00007  20008
 ┤/├───┤├ ─────────○ 20007
00007  20008
 ┤├────┤/├

00006  20007
 ┤├────┤/├ ─────────○ 20006
00006  20007
 ┤/├───┤├

00005  20006
 ┤/├───┤├ ─────────○ 20005
00005  20006
 ┤├────┤/├

00004  20005
 ┤/├───┤├ ─────────○ 20004
00004  20005
 ┤├────┤/├

00003  20004
 ┤├────┤/├ ─────────○ 20003
00003  20004
 ┤/├───┤├

00002  20003
 ┤/├───┤├ ─────────○ 20002
00002  20003
 ┤├────┤/├

00001  20002
 ┤├────┤/├ ─────────○ 20001
00001  20002
 ┤/├───┤├

00000  20001
 ┤/├───┤├ ─────────○ 20000
00000  20001
 ┤├────┤/├
```

Converts a gray code signal into a BIN code signal (word 200).

(Always ON)
25313
┤├

| BCD (24) |
| 200 |
| 201 |
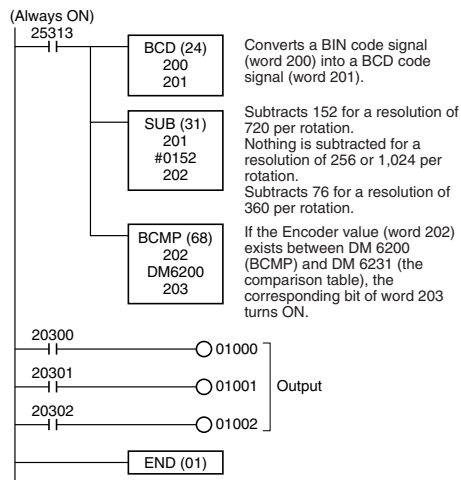
Converts a BIN code signal (word 200) into a BCD code signal (word 201).

| SUB (31) |
| 201 |
| #0152 |
| 202 |

Subtracts 152 for a resolution of 720 per rotation.
Nothing is subtracted for a resolution of 256 or 1,024 per rotation.
Subtracts 76 for a resolution of 360 per rotation.

| BCMP (68) |
| 202 |
| DM6200 |
| 203 |

If the Encoder value (word 202) exists between DM 6200 (BCMP) and DM 6231 (the comparison table), the corresponding bit of word 203 turns ON.

```
20300
 ┤├ ───────────────○ 01000
20301
 ┤├ ───────────────○ 01001   Output
20302
 ┤├ ───────────────○ 01002

         END (01)
```

Example of DM Setting for Comparison Table

DM 6200	0000	Lower limit 1	
6201	0540	Upper limit 1	Bit 20300
6202	0090	Lower limit 2	
6203	0360	Upper limit 2	Bit 20301
6204	0180	Lower limit 3	
6205	0659	Upper limit 3	Bit 20302
6206	0000	Lower limit 4	
⋮	⋮		Not used.
6231	0000	Upper limit 16	

Precautions

⚠ WARNING

This products is not designed or rated for ensuring safety of persons.
Do not use it for such purpose.

■ Incremental and Absolute Encoders

Safety Precautions

Do not impose voltage exceeding the rated voltage range on the E6C3, otherwise the E6C3 may be damaged.

Do not wire power lines or high-tension lines along with the power supply lines of the E6C3 or the E6C3 may be damaged or malfunction.

If the power supply has surge voltage, connect a surge suppressor between the positive and negative terminals of the power supply to absorb the surge voltage. Also, in order to protect the E6C3 from noise, shorten the wires connected to the E6C3 as much as possible.

Unnecessary pulses are output at the time the E6C3 is turned ON or OFF. After turning ON the E6C3, be sure to wait 0.1 s before turning ON the peripheral devices connected to the E6C3 and turn OFF the peripheral devices 0.1 s before turning OFF the E6C3.

Application Precautions

Mounting

● Mounting Precautions
• Be careful not to spray water or oil onto the E6C3.
• The E6C3 consists of high-precision components. Handle with utmost care and do not drop the E63C, otherwise malfunctioning may result.
• When the E6C3 is used in reversed operation, pay utmost attention to the mounting direction of the E6C3 and the directions of increment and decrement rotation.
• To match phase Z of the E6C3 and the origin of the device to be connected to the E6C3, conform the phase Z outputs while connecting the device.
• Be careful not to impose an excessive load on the shaft if the shaft connects to a gear.
• If the E6C3 is mounted with screws, the tightening torque must not exceed approximately 0.5 N·m.
• If the E6C3 is mounted to a panel, do not pull the cable with more than a force of 30 N. Do not subject the E6C3 or the shaft to excessive shock.
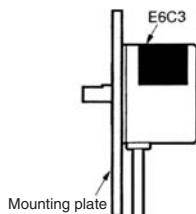
• No shock must be given to the shaft or coupling. Therefore, do not hit the shaft or coupling with a hammer when inserting the shaft into the coupling.

• When connecting the coupling, stay within the ranges shown below.

Decentering tolerance	0.15 mm max.
Declination tolerance	2° max.
Displacement tolerance in the shaft direction	0.05 mm max.

• When connecting or disconnecting the coupling, do not impose an excessive bending, pressing, or pulling force on the E6C3.
• When connecting the shaft of the E6C3 with a chain timing belt or gear, connect the chain timing belt or gear with the shaft via the bearing and coupling as shown in the following illustration.
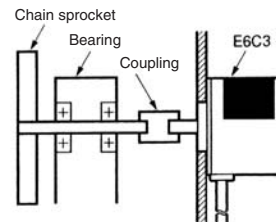
• If the decentering or declination value exceeds the tolerance, an excessive load imposed on the shaft may damage or shorten the life of the E6C3.

● **Mounting Procedure**

1	Insert the shaft into the coupling.

┄┄┄ Do not secure the coupling and shaft with screws at this stage.

Refer to the following table for the maximum insertion length of the shaft into the coupling.

Model	Maximum insertion length
E69-C08B/E69-C68B	6.8 mm

2	Secure the Rotary Encoder.

Model	Tightening torque
E69-C08/E69-C68B	0.44 N · m

3	Secure the coupling.

4	Connect the power and I/O lines.

┄┄┄ Be sure to turn off the Rotary Encoder when connecting the lines.

5	Turn on the Rotary Encoder and check the output.

Life of Bearing

The following graph shows the (theoretical) life expectancy of the bearing with radial and thrust loads imposed on the bearing.
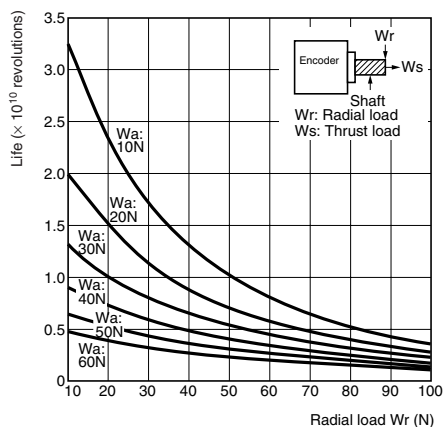
Wiring

Connecting

• When extending the cable for Incremental Rotary Encoders, select the kind of cable with care by taking the response frequency into consideration because the longer the cable is, the more the residual voltage increases due to the resistance of the cable and the capacitance between the wires. As a result, the waveform will be distorted.
We recommend the line driver output type model (E6C3-CWZ3XH) or the complementary output type model (E6C3-CWZ5GH) if the cable needs to be extended.
In order to reduce inductive noise, the cable must be as short as possible, especially when the signal is input to an IC.

• If the power supply has surge voltage, connect a surge suppressor between the positive and negative terminals of the power supply to absorb the surge voltage.

• Unnecessary pulses are output at the time the E6C3 is turned ON or OFF. After turning ON the E6C3, be sure to wait 0.1 s before turning ON the peripheral devices connected to the E6C3 and turn OFF the peripheral devices 0.1 s before turning OFF the E6C3.

Cable Extension

• The rise time of each output waveform will increase when the cable is extended. This affects the phase difference characteristics of phases A and B.

The available length of cable varies with the response frequency and noise. It is safer to limit the length of cable to 10 m maximum. If a longer cable of up to 100 m is required, use the line driver output or complementary output model. (The maximum extension with the line driver output model is 100 m.)

Note: Recommended Cable:
Cross section:0.2 mm^2 with spiral shield
Conductor resistance:92 Ω/km max. at 20°C
Insulation resistance:5 MΩ/km min. at 20°C

• The rise time varies with the resistance of the cable and the kind of cable as well as the length of the cable.

• The residual output voltage will increase according to the length of the cable.

Preventing Miscounting

If the operation of the E6C3 is stopped near a signal rising or falling edge, a wrong pulse may be generated, in which case the E6C3 will miscount. In such a case, use an increment-decrement counter to prevent miscounting.

Extension of Line Driver Output

• Be sure to use a shielded twisted-pair cable to extend a line driver cable.
Recommended cable: Tachii Electric Wire Co., TKVVBS4P 02A

• Use an RS-422A Receiver for the receiver side.

• The twisted-pair wires as shown in the following illustration are suitable for RS-422A signal transmission. Normal mode noise can be eliminated by twisting the wires because the generated electrical forces on the lines cancel each other.
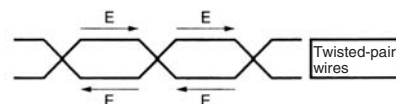
• Be sure the E6C3 is supplied with 5 VDC when a line driver output is used. There will be an approximately 1-V voltage drop if the cable length is 100 m.

Input to More than One Counter from Encoder (with Voltage Output)

Use the following formula to obtain the number of counters to be connected to a single E6C3.

$$\text{Number of counters (N)} = \frac{R1 \, (E–V)}{V \times R2}$$

E: Voltage supplied to E6C3
V: Minimum input voltage of the counter
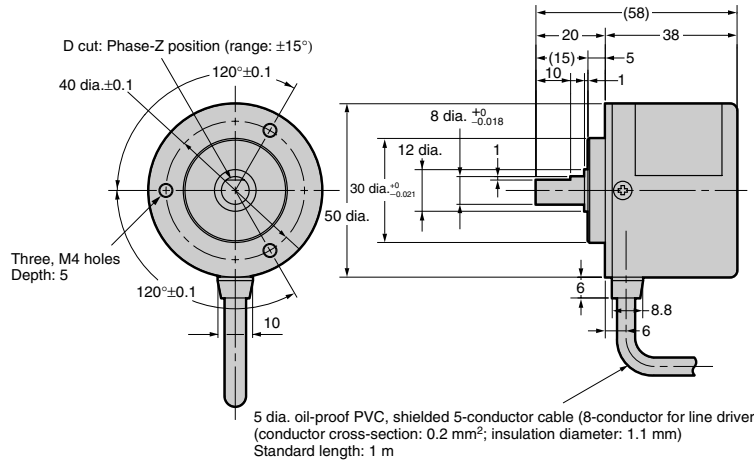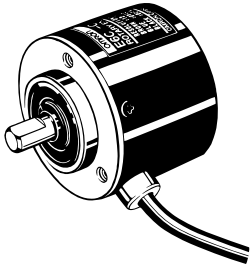R1: Input resistance of the Counter
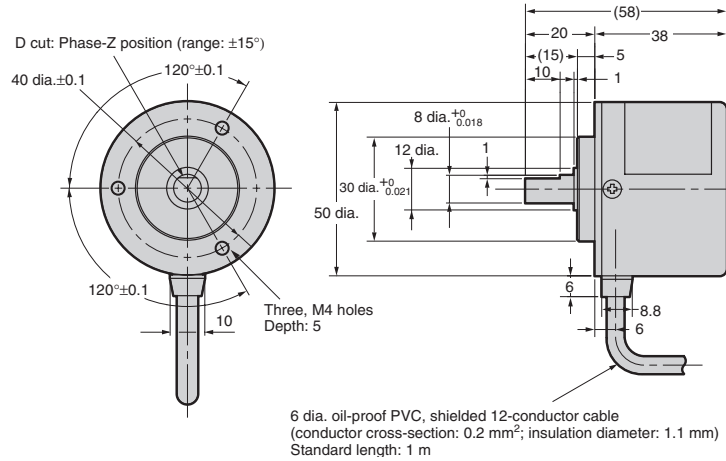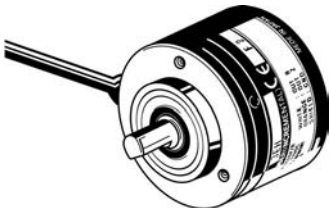R2: Output resistance of the E6C3
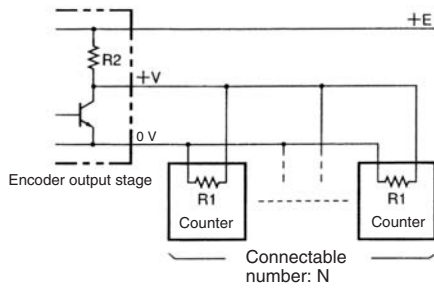
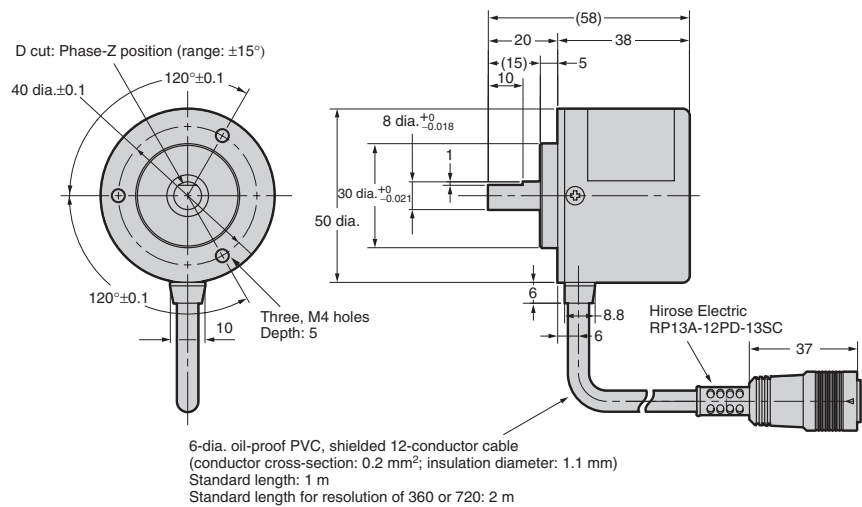# Dimensions

Rotary Encoder

E6C3-CWZ□□H

D cut: Phase-Z position (range: ±15°)

40 dia.±0.1

120°±0.1

Three, M4 holes
Depth: 5

120°±0.1

50 dia.

10

(58)

20

38

(15)

10

5

1

8 dia. $^{+0}_{-0.018}$

12 dia.

1

30 dia. $^{+0}_{-0.021}$

6

8.8

6

5 dia. oil-proof PVC, shielded 5-conductor cable (8-conductor for line driver)
(conductor cross-section: 0.2 mm²; insulation diameter: 1.1 mm)
Standard length: 1 m

E6C3-A□5□
E6C3-AN□E

D cut: Phase-Z position (range: ±15°)

40 dia.±0.1

120°±0.1

50 dia.

120°±0.1

Three, M4 holes
Depth: 5

10

(58)

20

38

(15)

10

5

1

8 dia. $^{+0}_{-0.018}$

12 dia.

1

30 dia. $^{+0}_{-0.021}$

6

8.8

6

6 dia. oil-proof PVC, shielded 12-conductor cable
(conductor cross-section: 0.2 mm²; insulation diameter: 1.1 mm)
Standard length: 1 m

Note: E69-C08B Coupling is sold separately.

E6C3-AG5C-C

D cut: Phase-Z position (range: ±15°)

40 dia.±0.1

120°±0.1

50 dia.

120°±0.1

Three, M4 holes
Depth: 5

10

(58)

20

38

(15)

10

5

8 dia. $^{+0}_{-0.018}$

1

30 dia. $^{+0}_{-0.021}$

6

8.8

6

Hirose Electric
RP13A-12PD-13SC

37

6-dia. oil-proof PVC, shielded 12-conductor cable
(conductor cross-section: 0.2 mm²; insulation diameter: 1.1 mm)
Standard length: 1 m
Standard length for resolution of 360 or 720: 2 m

Note: E69-C08B Coupling is sold separately.

■ Accessories (Order Separately)

Extension Cable

E69-DF5

34.6   5,000   37

16.9 dia.   16.9 dia.

(See note 2.)   (See note 1.)   (See note 3.)
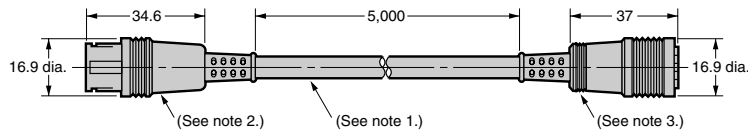
Note 1: 6-dia. oil-proof PVC, shielded 12-conductor cable (conductor cross-section: 0.2 mm^2; insulation diameter: 1.1 mm); standard length: 5 m
2: Connects to the connector of the E6C3-AG5C-C.
3: Connects to the H8PR Rotary Positioner and H8PS Cam Positioner.

Note: The Cable can be extended up to 100 m for connecting the H8PS Cam Positioner.

E69-C08B

23.6
6.8   6.8
3.5   3.5
8H8 dia.   8H8 dia. 19 dia.
Four, M4 hexagon set screws
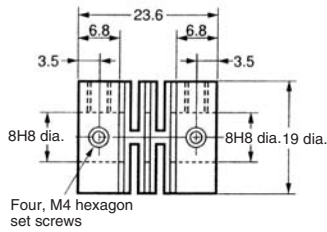
Note: Material: Glass-reinforced PBT

E69-C68B (With Ends of Different Diameter)

24.8
6.8   6.8
Four, M4 hexagon socket heat setscrews
Brass bushing
3.5   3.5
6H8 dia.   8H8 dia. 19 dia.
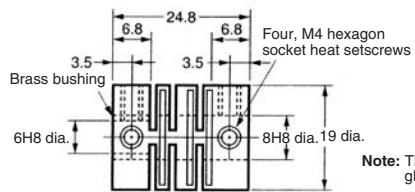
Note: The coupling is made of glass-reinforced PBT.

Flanges

E69-FCA03

120°±1°
Four, 4.5 dia.
52
43±0.15
45°
43±0.15   52
Three, 4.5 dia, M4 screw-head holes
Four, R3   30.2±0.1 dia.   40±0.1 dia.
120°±1°

Material: SPCC (t=3.2)

E69-FCA04

120°±1°   120°±1°
Three, 4.5 dia, M4 screw-head holes   30.2±0.1 dia.   56 dia.   40±0.1 dia.
120°±1°

Material: SPCC (t=3.2)
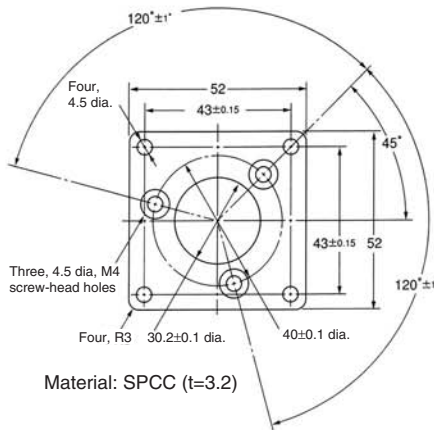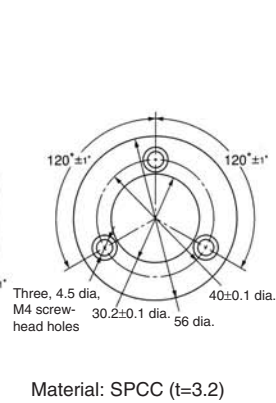
Mounting Bracket Installation

120°
Panel
30 dia.
120°   120°
68 dia.±0.2   Three, M5
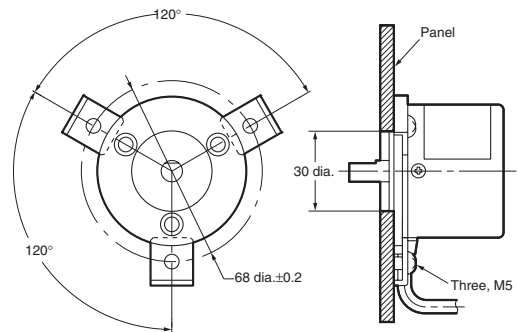
Servo Mounting Bracket

E69-2 (A Set of Three)

5.5-dia. hole
2
(18)   16
9
Two, C1   8   3.1$^{+0.1}_{0}$
16   (5.1)

Cat. No. F058-E1-02   In the interest of product improvement, specifications are subject to change without notice.

Authorised Distributors:-
ASH & ALAIN INDIA PVT LTD
S-100, F.I.E.E., Okhla Industrial Area, Phase-ii, New Delhi-110020(India)
Tel : 011-43797575 Fax : 011-43797574 E-mail : sales@ashalain.com

ASH & ALAIN